Effect of Aspirin on Reducing Cancer & Mortality in Primary Sclerosing Cholangitis

(Phase III Randomised, Clinical Trial)

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on behalf of the Asp-PSC Clinical Trial Team

IBD Investigators Day

Monday 29th January 2024

BRITISH SOCIETY OF GASTROENTEROLOGY
Sandy Park, Exeter





Asp-PSC: Aspirin in PSC INVESTIGATOR TEAM

Clinician Scientists

- Shahid A Khan (PI Chair Cholangiocarcinoma-UK [BASL-SIG])
- Simon Rushbrook (Co-PI [UK-PSC])
- Palak Trivedi (UK-PSC)
- Hassan Malik (Chair of The British Association of Surgical Oncology, BASO
- Ruth Langley (Co-Chair, UK Therapeutic Cancer Prevention Network Group, UKTCPN)
- Catherine Williamson (Obstetric Medicine)
- Nick Powell (Gastroneterology, Imperial College London)

Patient and Public Involvement and Engagement (PPIE)

- Martine Walmsley (Chair, PSC-Support)
- Maxine Tapp (Programme Development Officer, PSC Support)
- Helen Morement (Founder & CEO of AMMF, The UK's Cholangiocarcinoma Charity)

Statistician (Kings Clinical Trials Unit)

Francesca Fiorentino

PREVENTION IS BETTER THAN CURE!

Why this study is needed

 PSC patients are at high risk of liver failure and cancer: liver, biliary tract/cholangiocarcinoma, colorectal

No cure except liver transplant if cirrhosis and liver failure occur

Cancer is usually a contraindication to transplant

 No screening or preventive mechanism known to reduce liver/biliary tract cancer risk

Summary of studies reporting statistically significant protective effects of Aspirin against cancers PSC-IBD patients are at high risk of

Evidence of Aspirin Users Potential Protection against HPB and CRC Cancers

- 1. Choi et al. 2016: OR 0.29 0.35 for all CCA subtypes (50% reduction in PSC associated CCA)
- 2. Simon et al 2020: **HR 0.57** for HCC
- 3. Lapumnuaypol et al. 2019: OR 0.56 for CCA (Meta-analysis)
- 4, Xiong et al. 2018: iCCA OR 0.33 for iCCA; OR=0.56 for eCCA (Meta-analysis)
- 5. Bosetti et al. 2020: **RR 0.62** for HPB cancers
- 6. Garcia Rodriguez et al. 2017: RR 0.53 for Dukes Stage A CRC
- 7. Burn et al 2020: CAPP-2 Randomised Controlled Trial: HR 0-63 for CRC in Lynch syndrome

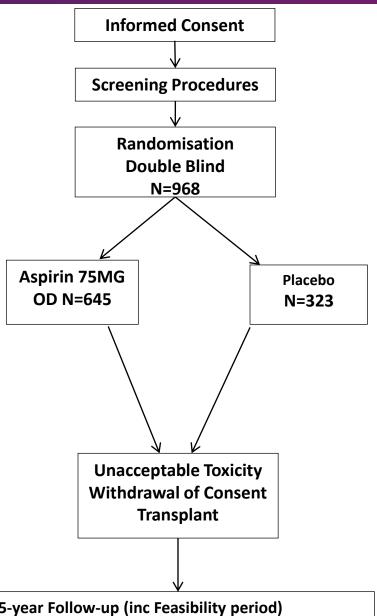
Post-diagnosis aspirin use associated with decreased biliary tract cancer-specific mortality

- 7. Liao et al. 2021: **HR 0.55**
- 8. Jackson et al. 2019: **HR 0.44 to 0.71** across all BTC sites

Biological Plausibility for how Aspirin May Modulate Carcinogenesis

- Inhibiting COX-2
- Preventing platelet aggregation
- Inhibiting activation of nuclear factor-kB
- Modulating Wnt signalling via both COX-dependent and COX-independent pathways
- Upregulating tumour suppressor genes
- Stabilization of DNA mismatch-repair proteins (Shen et al 2020)

- Hypothesis: Aspirin reduces the combined endpoint of PSC related cancers and PSC related morbidity and mortality
- Main Aim: to investigate if daily low dose Aspirin improves PSC-related cancer free survival, overall survival, and time to liver decompensation and liver transplantation



Flow Chart: Asp-PSC

Stratified by:

- level of advanced liver fibrosis/cirrhosis
- time since PSC diagnosis (by time bands e.g., 1-3 years, 3-5 and > 5 years from diagnosis)
- aminosalicylate use

5-year Follow-up (inc Feasibility period)
Primary Endpoints: Cancer, Transplant, Mortality

(Secondary Endpoints:

Bleeding events, Liver decompensation, IBD Flares

Basic Inclusion/Exclusion Criteria

Inclusion Criteria

- PSC and IBD
- Age >18 years
- Able to give informed consent
- No previous cancer
- Not already on aspirin
- At least 12 months post diagnosis

Exclusion Criteria

- Previous PSC related cancer
- Already taking aspirin
- On Transplant waiting list
- Non-variceal gastrointestinal bleeding within 1 yr
- <12 months from PSC diagnosis
- Allergy to Aspirin

<u>Asp-PSC Trial – funded by Cancer Research UK</u>

Costed for and awarded £5.3 million, pending recruitment

Recruitment to start early 2024

We need 968 PSC-IBD patients

This will require a strong pan UK collaborative effort

Please start thinking about potential patients now!



Do you have any patients with PSC-IBD who

- are at least 12 months from diagnosis, and
- have not had cancer, colectomy or a transplant?
 If so, please consider them for the

Contacts

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Asp-PSC TRIAL

"Effect of Aspirin on Reducing Cancer & Improving Outcomes in Primary Sclerosing Cholangitis"

Design

- Investigator led
- Double-blind
- Randomised Controlled Trial
- Aspirin vs Placebo (2:1)
- For 5-years
- Multi-centre
- 968 patients needed



Primary Endpoints

- **1. Cancer**: cholangiocarcinoma, gallbladder, hepatocellular, colorectal, pancreas
- 2. Listing for Liver transplantation
- 3. All-cause mortality